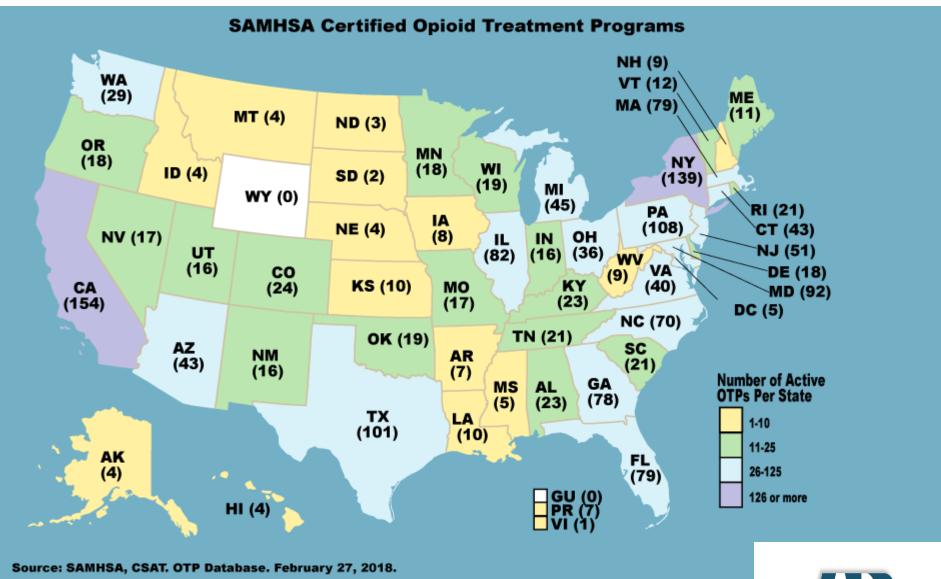
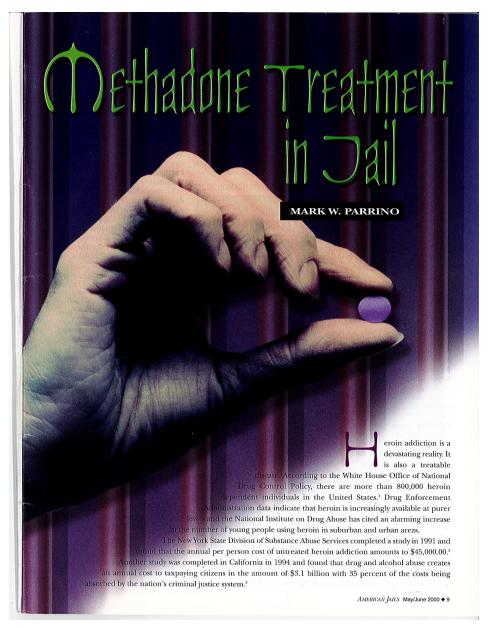
Increasing Access to Medication Assisted Treatment for Opioid Use Disorder in the Criminal Justice Setting



Mark W. Parrino, M.P.A. October 21, 2020 Criminal Justice Initiative Webinar Series









AATOD Fact Sheet

Medication-Assisted Treatment for Opioid Use Disorder in the Justice System October 2017

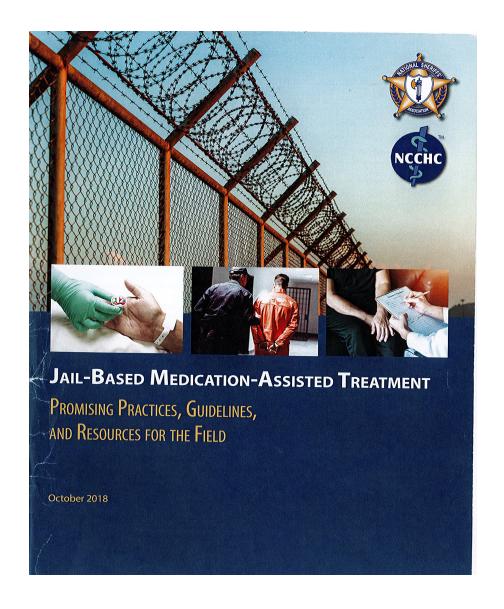
Introduction

Many publications over the last decade have documented the alarming increase in use and abuse of prescription opioids and heroin (Cicero, Inciardi, & Munoz, 2005; Davis, Severtson, Bucher-Bartelson, & Dart, 2014; GAO, 2009; Paulozzi, Budnitz, & Xi, 2006: Pletcher, Kertesz, Kohn, & Gonzales, 2008; Reifler, et al., 2012; Schneider, et al., 2009). This surge resulted largely from the significant increase in physician/dentist prescription of opioid medications to treat chronic pain during the 1990s, when a sizeable subset of patients became dependent on and/or addicted to the medications. A report from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) cited that 79.5 percent of heroin users had previously used prescription pain relievers for nonmedical reasons (Muhuri, Gfroerer, & Davies, 2013). More recent media reports have indicated that over 120 people die of an opiate related overdose each day (2017).

The National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA) has clearly established that Medication-Assisted Treatment (MAT) "increases patient retention and decreases drug use, infectious disease transmission, and criminal activity" (NIDA, 2012). This type of treatment combines counseling with medications that block opioids' euphoric effects and relieve relapse-inducing cravings. "To

10/25/17 www.aatod.org







POLITICO



A prisoner at Rhode Island's John J. Moran Medium Security Prison, watches television during free time on December 10, 2013 in Cranston, Rhode Island. | Getty

LAW AND ORDER

How the Smallest State is Defeating America's Biggest Addiction Crisis

Rhode Island inmates get opioid replacements while they're locked up and it seems to be keeping them from overdosing when they get out.

By ERICK TRICKEY | August 25, 2018

RANSTON, R.I. — By the time police caught Paul Roussell with heroin last summer, the 58-year-old lobster fisherman had been addicted to the drug for almost 10 years. He'd gone from sniffing two bags of heroin a day to 10. then as

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Major Policy Initiatives

- Implementation of Medicare Reimbursement for OTPs: January 1, 2020
- Promulgation of DEA Mobile Van Regulations
- Department of Agriculture Funding Opportunities
- Implementation of New Medicaid Rates in 11 States: October 2020



Impact of COVID-19 on OTP Policy

- Expanded Use of Telehealth/Telecommunication
- Greater Clinical Flexibility for Medication Take-Home
- Toxicology Testing Results
- Access to Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)



A Live and Virtual Conference



Early Registration Deadline: November 1, 2020 www.aatodconference.com



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